

2 Growing Onions: Checklist for a Successful Harvest

Variety Selection

- [] Choose the correct day-length onion variety for your region (long, medium, or short day)
- [] Check your seed packet or sprig bundle for a zone suitability map

Planting Method

- [] Decide whether to plant sets, transplants, or seeds
- [] Plant sets/sprigs in January–February (Dallas area), ¾ inch deep, 3 inches apart
- [] Sow seeds in October (South), or start indoors before last frost (North); plant ¼ inch deep
- [] Thin seedlings to 3 inches apart when 6 inches tall

Soil & Fertilizer

- [] Prepare soil with 2–3lbs balanced fertilizer per 100sqft bed pre-planting
- [] Side-dress with ½ cup fertilizer per 10ft row when onions have 5–6 leaves
- [] Use slow-release organic options for best soil health

Watering

- [] Water onions deeply—1 inch per week, 2 inches in hot weather
- [] Use drip irrigation for best results
- [] Stop watering one week before harvest

Weed & Pest Control

- [] Pull weeds regularly to reduce competition for water
- [] Monitor for thrips or brown leaf tips; treat if needed with approved solutions (e.g., neem oil, sulfur)

Harvest & Cure

[] Harvest when most tops naturally fall over

- [] Cure onions in a warm, dry, well-ventilated space for 1–2 weeks
- [] Store cured onions in mesh bags or crates

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